BUDGET & POLICY CENTER

THE WORKING FAMILIES TAX REBATE would advance racial equity for washington families

WHAT IS THE WORKING FAMILIES TAX REBATE?

The Working Families Tax Rebate is Washington state's version of the federal Earned Income Tax Credit

(EITC), which lifts more working families out of poverty than any other government program. The EITC provides qualifying low-wage workers with an annual boost to their income in the form of a tax credit. Nearly all recipients are families with at least one child living at home. So a qualifying Washington family with two children receiving the maximum EITC credit could qualify for an extra \$562 through the WFTR. This income could cover the cost of feeding a family of three for one month. For too many Washingtonians – particularly many people of color – high-quality jobs that can support a family and provide enough to save for the future are out of reach. What's more, in Washington state, people of color and people with low incomes are more likely to pay a disproportionate share of their incomes in taxes. These racial disparities are partially the result of historic and persistent inequitable state policies.

Funding the Working Families Tax Rebate (WFTR), which was enacted by the legislature in 2008 but never funded, would be an important step to advance racial equity. It would help strengthen the economic security of many families of color. Here's how.

IT SUPPORTS AN EQUITABLE ECONOMY



The WFTR would invest \$98.5 million back into the local economies, nearly half (49 percent) of which would go to communities of color.



It would reduce the disproportionate tax responsibility placed on communities of color. Latinos, Asian or Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders, and American Indians/Alaska Natives are estimated to be eligible for the largest credit and rebate amounts. (See chart on opposite page.)



It would help kids, particularly kids of color, do better in school. Research shows that children in families that receive the Earned Income Tax Credit (and that, by extension, would qualify for the WFTR), do better in school and are more likely to go to college. And the majority (51 percent) of children in EITC-eligible families are children of color.

BY THE NUMBERS



The number of Washingtonians overall who would be eligible for the Working Families Tax Rebate if it were funded



The average annual income boost households would receive from both the EITC and the WFTR 31%

The share of Native American tax filers eligible to receive the financial boost provided by the WFTR





^{1.} Internal Revenue Service, 2017 EITC Income Limits, Maximum Credit Amounts and Tax Law Updates, https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit/eitc-income-limits-maximum-credit-amounts-next-year 2. Economic Policy Institute, Family Budget Calculator, http://www.epi.org/resources/budget/. Estimated monthly cost of food for 1 adult and 2 children in the Seattle/Bellevue, WA metro area is \$584. 3. Budget and Policy Center's analysis of Brookings' MetroTax model on the Characteristics of the EITC-eligible population, which uses 2015 American Community Survey microdata to model tax units and eligibility for tax policies targeted to

low- and moderate-income workers and their families. 4. Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, EITC and Child Tax Credit Promote Work, Reduce Poverty and Support Children's Development, http://www.cbpp.org/research/federal-tax-

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Budget and Policy Center's analysis of Brookings' MetroTax model on the Characteristics of the EITC-eligible population.

^{6.} Budget and Policy Center's analysis of Brookings' MetroTax model on the Characteristics of the EITC-eligible population 7. Budget and Policy Center's analysis of Brookings' MetroTax model on the Characteristics of the EITC-eligible population